

JAPANESE REPORT THAT PORT ARTHUR IS LIKELY TO FALL

Russia's Loss in Thursday's Bombardment Is Given at Sixty-Nine.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

TIENTSIN, March 14.—It is stated that the Russian loss in Thursday's bombardment of Port Arthur was sixty-five. The Japanese lost nine killed and twenty wounded.

JAPANESE BONDS DEPRECIATING.

TOKIO, March 14.—Japanese bonds have fallen eight per cent in London.

RUSSIA DEVASTATING MANCHURIA.

PEKING, March 14.—There is great confusion in Manchuria. The Russians are seizing supplies.

The Governor of Kirin committed suicide because of his inability to stop Russian depredations.

CZAR WILL ASSUME COMMAND.

PARIS, March 14.—It is reported that the Czar will assume command of the Russian troops in the East after the first important battle.

The report that the Czar intends to take command in person is not a new one, and the repetition lends it additional weight.

A Vienna dispatch under date of February 29 published the following particulars:

"The newspaper Die Zeit publishes a St. Petersburg dispatch mentioning the rumor that the emperor of Russia desires to go to the Far East against the wish of Kuropatkin. The rumor is confirmed by an exalted military authority, who declares the emperor is anxious to maintain the traditions of his predecessors and is convinced of his own military capacity. He is desirous to encourage the troops and check by his presence dissensions among the chief officers."

RUSSIANS AT WORK IN RED SEA.

PORT SAID, March 14.—A Russian cruiser has stopped several vessels in the Red Sea.

It was reported from St. Petersburg a week ago that new orders had been issued to Admiral Wirovius to keep his squadron in the Red Sea for the purpose of watching passing war vessels, and to capture vessels carrying contraband of war.

TROOPS PREPARING TO MOVE.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14.—The Fifteenth and Tenth Army Corps will start east soon.

The Tenth Army Corps of the Russian army consists of two infantry divisions, one infantry brigade, and one cavalry division. The Fifteenth Army Corps consists of two infantry divisions and one cavalry division. The entire Russian army consists of thirty-one army corps.

KUROPATKIN TAKES COMMAND.

MOSCOW, March 14.—General Kuropatkin left to assume command after an enthusiastic farewell.

Recent dispatches stated that Russian operations would not begin until General Kuropatkin had taken command of the army at Mukden. The plans then decided on were according to a Yinkow dispatch of March 3:

"First, that General Kuropatkin's headquarters are to be at Mukden; Viceroy Alexieff proposes to remain at Mukden indefinitely, as that city is the center of the Chinese administration and has a viceregal bureau; second, that the plain west of Tashichiao, which is almost impossible of defense, will be held if possible on account of the railroad connection at Port Arthur; third, Hatching and Liaoyang are the extreme limits to which troops will be withdrawn, on account of the exposure of the railroad at these points."

"That the Japanese will arrive before a thaw permits the construction of defenses is believed to be practically certain. It would appear, also, that the authorities expect Port Arthur to be besieged."

ITO IN KOREA.

TOKIO, March 14.—Marquis Ito has gone to Korea.

According to a recent St. Petersburg dispatch, the sending of the Marquis Ito, "the Bismarck of Japan," to Korea means "the establishment of a virtual protectorate over a country which has become a Japanese military base."

Ito is the most famous of Japanese leaders. He is a soldier, statesman, and diplomat, familiar with the political institutions of all countries, and an especially devoted friend of the United States. Russia, after the Japanese victory over the Chinese in 1894, deprived Japan of all of the advantages, except the possession of Formosa, which the Japanese army and the diplomacy of Ito had secured for Japan, and his present mission to Korea may indicate that Japan wishes to continue, as far as Korea is concerned, the policy she established at the close of her war with China.

Ito is now sixty-four years old.

PORT ARTHUR SAID TO BE LIKELY TO FALL

The following cablegram was received by the local branch of the Yokohama Specie Bank from the head office in Yokohama at 7:40 o'clock last evening:

YOKOHAMA, March 14.—On the tenth instant the Japanese fleet made its fourth attack on Port Arthur and succeeded in doing great damage. The stronghold is reported to be likely to fall. The Japanese fleet is safe.

Dramatic Incident in the Fight Off Port Arthur Between Torpedo Destroyers.

SASEBO, Mar. 15.—Nine dead and ten wounded in the fight off Port Arthur on Thursday were brought here today. The dead were accorded full burial honors.

In the fight between the torpedo destroyers, preceding the naval assault on Port Arthur, sailors from the Manito boarded the Russian destroyer Stereguschki. A sailor killed the Russian captain with his cutlass and kicked him overboard where he drowned. The Japanese say that twenty-two dead were left on the decks of the Russian destroyers.

RUSSIANS BLOCKADE PORT.

LONDON, Mar. 15.—The Russians have sunk four steamers at the mouth of Port Port Arthur, narrowing the channel. They are evidently preparing for aggressive work.

JAPAN'S WAR FINANCES.

LONDON, Mar. 15.—Japan is financially able to carry on the war for eighteen months without borrowing.

KILL ONE JAPANESE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Mar. 15.—A Japanese cavalry patrol was ambuscaded near Anju and dispersed. One Japanese was killed.

AFTERNOON REPORT.

YINKOW, March 14.—It is stated that Russia may mobilize an army of half a million troops at the seat of war.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14.—President Roosevelt's proclamation of neutrality is highly commended here.

TIENTSIN, March 14.—Recent demonstrations have led to fears of trouble between French and English garrisons at Shanghai-Kwan.

WAR NEWS FROM LATEST ORIENTAL PRESS FILES

YOKOHAMA, Mar. 15.—The latest police regulations as to press publications do seem rather comprehensively framed. They prohibit the publication of news of the following subjects:

- 1—Strategic Affairs.
- 2—Future Military movements.
- 3—Organizations of squadrons.
- 4—Damages inflicted by warships including torpedo-boats, and transports.
- 5—Disposition of the army in the field.
- 6—Distance of cannonade, and quantity of ammunition.
- 7—Position or name of places where troops concentrate or what places are used as military bases.
- 8—Locations of warships including torpedo boats and transports.
- 9—Conditions with regard to drinking water, and military necessities on warships, including torpedo-boats, and transports.

WENCHOW'S CAPTAIN REPORTS.

The captain of the British steamer Wenchow, arriving at Nagasaki from Port Arthur on Monday, tells the Governor of Nagasaki that the damaged Russian warships are the Retvisan, Csesarevitch, Pallada, Askold, Poltava, Diana and Novik. With the exception of the last named vessel none of the others mentioned can be used as warships. There are eight other warships and over twenty gunboats and destroyers in the inner harbor at Port Arthur, and they seem not to have the courage to fight the Japanese squadron again.

HONORS TO THE DEAD.

Posthumous honors were conferred by the Emperor on the three officers—two non-commissioned—who fell in the first naval attack on Port Arthur. Among others Commander Yamazaki was raised from the Junior Sixth to the Junior Fourth Rank or four degrees.

Sub-lieutenant Mura and Midshipman Kajimura also received suitable honors.

QUEEN RUSSIAN TACTICS.

During the fourth Japanese attack on Port Arthur the Russians it is said fired blank cartridges with a view to luring the Japanese as close as possible. The Japanese fleet, however, found heavy smoke marking the target and their withdrawal preventing the danger of approaching the enemy. It was observed that submarine mines had been laid from a distance of about five miles from the entrance to the harbor.

WATCHING THE CAPE ROUTE.

The Russian cruiser General Admira has arrived at Ponta Delgada, San Miguel, one of the Azores.

This cruiser has evidently been sent to the Azores to watch for vessels carrying contraband of war by way of the Cape.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' PASSES GRANTED.

The War Office yesterday gave permission to Japanese and foreign war

correspondents to attach themselves to the Japanese forces. They are the representatives of 18 Tokyo and 34 local journals. 53 foreign correspondents and their interpreters and servants, 25 in number.

WAR CONTRABAND ON KOREA.

Among the Korea's cargo, which arrived at Nagasaki from America on the 25th ult., was a large quantity of barrel beef for the Russian military authorities, as already reported. According to latest news from Nagasaki the total number of barrels is 12,240, valued at 150,000 yen. The Nagasaki agent of the steamship company has sent in application to the customs authorities in connection with the landing of the beef, which will become contraband in case of the goods being intended to be forwarded to their destination. The beef is now detained in the customs house. There being no purchaser at Nagasaki, the beef will probably be sent back to Messrs. Backing & Co., Chicago, who had intended to send it to Messrs. Churin & Co., Port Arthur. It is also reported from Nagasaki that 2,000 barrels of beef have been brought back there from Hongkong by the Coptic.

A British steamer has arrived at Nagasaki, having on board 250 boxes of

gunpowder materials. They are susceptible to seizure as contraband of war, according to their destination, and are also detained at that port.—Japan Times.

WARSHIPS FOR MORGAN.

From a Shanghai telegram to the Jiji, dated Feb. 29th, we learn that the American warships San Francisco, Brooklyn and Tacoma are about to arrive at that port. According to a rumor, the United States will escort Mr. Morgan, Consul to Dainy, by this fleet in order to forcibly effect his landing.—Japan Times.

Mr. Morgan arrived in Honolulu last week.

BARREL OF CHEESE SEIZED.

The steamer Gaelic, arriving at Yokohama from San Francisco on Tuesday, was inspected by the Japanese authorities who found among her cargo one barrel of cheese and two of three articles destined for Port Arthur delivery at Nagasaki. The Japanese passenger responsible for the above account says that the steamer, however, was allowed to leave on Wednesday morning, no action being taken at this port with regard to the cargo.—Japan Times.

SAW SUNKEN WAR VESSELS

Another eye-witness of the result of Japan's naval prowess at Port Arthur arrived from the Orient last night on the Coptic. Mr. Bekeart, a Belgian, who had been a resident in a Manchurian port, was at Port Arthur on February 10, two days after the initial attack of the Japanese fleet, and saw evidences of the destruction wrought upon the Russian warships.

Mr. Bekeart was ordered to leave Manchuria, and was sent aboard a vessel which first called at Port Arthur and then Dainy. He was finally landed in China, where he took passage on the Coptic from Shanghai.

When the passenger vessel arrived off Port Arthur it was compelled to remain outside the harbor, and therefore he was unable to observe the effect of the attack in the inner harbor and city. But he was able to see just within the harbor or channel the funnels of a warship just above the surface, which he believed to be those of the Askold or Pallada. Mr. Bekeart was of the opinion that it was the Askold. This vessel appeared to have sunk.

At the outer rim of the channel he saw the wreck of a Russian ship, which he partially turned over as she lay upon the beach. There appeared to be a general demoralization among the Russians over the suddenness and the completeness of the attack. Mr. Bekeart was off Port Arthur only a few hours.

AMERICA MARU A HOSPITAL SHIP

The report was brought by the Coptic that the Toyo Kisen Kaisha liner America Maru may be used as a hospital ship. This was a rumor just before the Coptic left Nagasaki. Officers on the Coptic do not place much credence in the report that the America Maru will be taken out of the naval service and put back on her passenger run.

Mr. Sinclair, of the yacht Larline, has signified his willingness to accompany the Hawaii Yacht Club on a cruise to Kaula, and members of the latter club have set Thursday of next week as a promising date for the outing. It is probable that the Gladya, La Paloma, Helens and Spray may accompany the Larline.

ADMIRAL TERRY SAYS RUSSIA WAS FRIENDLY

"I should say, that those two nations being at war all other nations should maintain strict neutrality," said Rear Admiral Elias N. Terry, commandant of the Naval Station, yesterday. He was asked for his opinion as to the war between Japan and Russia. "We can't be too neutral," continued the Admiral. "When two nations are at war, it is entirely their own business and no one else has anything to say."

"I do not think it wise for naval officers (or army officers either) to talk for publication on such questions. The indiscretion of public men and officers in this matter is too well known to require any comment by me. I am very sorry indeed to see any war between two nations both friends of this country."

"One thing seems to have been overlooked in this war. There has been a good deal of discussion as to whether or not Russia displayed any friendly sympathy for the United States during the war of the Rebellion. In the New York Herald of the 19th, there is a communication which public men of

WATERHOUSE REORGANIZED

New Blood Enters a Very Old Concern.

In the reorganization of the Henry Waterhouse Trust Co. yesterday, following the purchase of the Waterhouse stock by prominent monied interests, is presaged the eventual concentration of a number of the trust interests of Honolulu. Robert W. Shingle, who has been associated with the Waterhouse Trust Co. in various capacities for the past six years, is the head of the new concern.

The Waterhouse stock in the corporation changed hands last Saturday, following the purchase of the one-half interest being Bishop & Co., bankers, D. W. Anderson, Bruce Cartwright, W. R. Castle and A. N. Campbell, the association of the new interests with the old being in a measure a consolidation of some of the various business interests they represent. The reorganization was completed at a meeting held yesterday afternoon at which the following officers were elected: President, R. W. Shingle; Vice President, Bruce Cartwright; Secretary, D. W. Anderson; Treasurer, Albert N. Campbell; Director, W. R. Castle; Auditor, A. W. Bottomey and Bishop & Co., bankers.

The interests held by Albert Waterhouse personally, together with that of his father, the late Henry Waterhouse and that of R. H. Trent were purchased by the new shareholders. Mr. Waterhouse will leave the corporation, and devote his time to the interests of the estate. Mr. Trent, who has been identified with the Waterhouse interests since July, 1901, will also leave. He has for some time been considering a business offer in Manila, and may go to that city. For the present at least he will maintain his old offices at the Trust Company and continue to represent the Volcano House Co., for which he is the local agent.

A. N. Campbell, the new treasurer of the company, has been for some years associated with W. R. Castle. He will take up the duties of his new office immediately. Mr. Shingle will continue in the management of the company. The death of the late Henry Waterhouse and the retirement of A. B. Wood, because of ill-health, made the reorganization of the old corporation imperative. Mr. Shingle, to whose efforts, since he entered the office of Waterhouse & Co. six years ago, much of its recent success is due, has acquired the interests of Mr. Wood, and a short time ago evolved the plan for the reorganization of the corporation on a basis which would bring in new blood, and at the same time increase the scope and business of the Waterhouse Trust Co. The union of new interests will not only do this but it is also the beginning of the concentration of a number of trust interests in Honolulu in the Waterhouse Trust Co. yesterday's organization being the first step in that direction.

There was some talk on the streets yesterday to the effect that a consolidation of the Hawaiian Trust Company and the Waterhouse Trust Company, would be effected. Mr. Shingle stated emphatically that nothing of the sort had been arranged. He admitted, however, that the matter had been thought of.

The elder J. T. Waterhouse started in business in Honolulu in 1852. In later years he was joined by his sons, John Thomas and Henry Waterhouse, and did a thriving merchandise and grocery business. After the death of the founder of the firm the grocery, grocery, dry goods and hardware stores were disposed of, and a financial, agency and commission business was continued by the late Henry Waterhouse, until January 1, 1903, when the Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Ltd., with a subscribed capital of \$200,000, was incorporated.

Mistaken Identity.

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, likes to tell of an experience he had some time ago while making a tour of the West. He was accompanied by Mrs. Proctor and some fifteen or twenty other men and women. The party made a stop at Salt Lake City and the senator and his wife went for a walk about the place. Half a dozen ladies, following them, had mistaken a large party of tourists from the East had arrived there and some of them caught sight of Mr. Proctor and his friends. Said one of the tourists to a stage whipper: "There's an old Mormon out for a walk with his wives. I wonder if he has any more."

OLAA'S FINE PROSPECTS

Will Take Off Twenty-One Thousand Ton Crop.

(From Saturday's Daily.)
The annual meeting of the Oloa Sugar Co. was held yesterday afternoon in Castle & Cooke Hall. The old officers were re-elected for the year as follows: L. A. Thurston, president; B. F. Dillingham, 1st vice-president; E. A. Mott-Smith, 2d vice-president; Elmer E. Patton, treasurer; A. W. Van Valkenburg, secretary; W. F. Dillingham, auditor; C. H. Atherton, director.

The reports for the past season show that Oloa has had a very good year. The report of the treasurer shows that the crop of 1902-3 yielded 18,587 tons of sugar which brought the gross sum of \$1,337,581. The average receipts per ton amounted to a little over \$72. The net profit on the crop was \$74,744. The crop to be taken off this year is estimated to exceed 21,000 tons.

MANAGER'S REPORT.

The following is the report of Manager F. B. McStocker:

To the President, Board of Directors and Stockholders of the Oloa Sugar Company, Limited:

Gentlemen: I beg to submit the following report covering the year ending December 31st, 1903:

Flume System.—This has been increased this year by additional permanent ground flumes intersecting the formerly existing lateral flumes. This should facilitate the handling of the canes in a more economical manner than heretofore, lessening required lengths of portable flumes, and to a considerable extent the use of hoists, as well as acting as feeders to the main flumes, increasing the facility of delivery to the mill.

Mill.—The installation of two additional centrifugals has now equalized the several departments. This installation, with a few minor changes, places us in the front rank for effective work, and I anticipate that a still better showing will be made this year over last.

An experiment in the use of the Ginnac-Keech furnace is showing very satisfactory results, as the fuel requirement is reduced and the steam production increased.

If this experiment proves the success that is to be expected from the results now shown, a considerably larger percentage of maceration will be permitted.

There is no chance, even in macerating to the limit, of overworking the evaporator, as we have never yet reached its capacity.

I am now, however, remodeling with the juices from the filters, and pumping back the thin juices from the last mill for maceration behind the first, water being used only behind the second mill.

Railroads.—I have avoided the expense of constructing several miles of railroad to take off the canes below the mill by installing an inclined railway system. The cars on this system are hauled by cable, power being furnished from the mill. The waste water from the mill is used to flume the canes into the cars. This system is working very satisfactorily, easily furnishing to the mill two hundred and fifty (250) tons of cane per ten hours' work.

Labor.—Not having completed our field work, owing to the inclement weather, prior to commencing grinding, there is somewhat of a shortage, as we catch up with the field work, however, this will be more or less remedied.

Crop 1902-03.—In spite of an unusually cold and wet season and considerable areas of twelve months' ratoons, a fair showing is made on this crop, the output being 18,587 tons from 5,777 acres.

Crop 1903-04.—This crop, now being harvested, including that from outside planters, will be cut from approximately 6,000 acres, the largest yet handled, and in spite of the excessively wet season, a yield of 21,500 tons is estimated. Experience has shown that long ratoons do as well in Oloa as plant, while short ratoons cost almost as much as long, and only give about half the yield. For this reason nearly all short ratoons were cut back last year, and will come in as long ratoons in 1905.

Crop 1904-05.—This crop is very promising, a view of the fields showing a very good stand in healthy, vigorous condition, although, owing to the inclement weather, it is not as far advanced as I had expected.

Weather.—The season has been a very inclement one, wet and cold; in this we have not been singular, as a similar condition has existed throughout the island.

General Outlook.—In reviewing your estate, I may safely say that the condition thereof appears very satisfactory. The fields are looking well and the mill doing satisfactory work, the harvesting keeping the mill regularly supplied.

The fields are now so arranged that an equalization of crops can be expected, allowing the handling of regular and contiguous areas each year for planting.

This year I shall plow and plant about one thousand (1,000) acres, handling a somewhat larger area each year following, thus securing a plant, a first and a second ratoon area for each crop, and a plant going in. This, exclusive of any new areas which may be cleared and planted.

Respectfully submitted,
F. B. MCSTOCKER,
Manager Oloa Sugar Co., Ltd.

TABLE I.
FIELD REPORT—CROP 1902-3.
Oloa Sugar Company, Ltd.—

	Yield	Acres	per acre.	Tons.
Plant and Long Ratoons	2,178.3	8,952.01		
Short Ratoons	870.5	2,222.22		
Independent Planters	406.3	4,028.8		

Land Owners—
Puna Sugar Company, Ltd.—
Plant..... 1,223.5
Ratoons..... 1,698.8
Independent Planters.....
Plant..... 499.1
Ratoons..... 623.5
Total..... 4,040.9

Land Owners—
Puna Sugar Company, Ltd.—
Plant..... 466.8
Long Ratoons..... 274.47
Short Ratoons..... 382.29
Total..... 1,203.44

Land Owners—
Puna..... 10.
Total acres..... 5,463.82
Estimated yield, 21,500 tons sugar.
Crop 1904-5 (Estimated)

Oloa Sugar Company, Ltd.—
Acres..... 5,013.5
Independent Planters..... 618.00
Land Owners—Oloa..... 720.4
Puna Sugar Company, Ltd..... 1,005.02
Land Owners—Puna..... 40.00

Total acres..... 5,463.82
TABLE II.
MILL REPORT—SEASON OF 1902-03.
Extraction—91.02 total sugar; 79.58 cane; 12.808 per 100 cane.
Bagasse—4.01 total sugar; 22.847 cane; 1.132 sugar per 100; 45.87 moisture.
Press Cake—7.63 total sugar; 0.790 cane; 0.568 sugar per 100.
Brix Pol. Pur. Gluc.

1st mill juice..... 18.04 16.42 91.24 0.597
Mixed..... 15.94 14.26 89.43 0.525
Clarified..... 16.23 14.74 90.74 0.554
Syrup..... 57.27 56.03 90.39 1.590
Press juice..... 9.22 8.41 88.21
1st molasses..... 30.47 29.43 96.39
2d molasses..... 31.06 32.72 38.92
Waste molasses..... 84.95 28.39 33.17
Dilution..... 72.03
Fibre in cane..... 10.93

PRODUCED.
36,904,555 lbs. No. 1 Sugar 99.28 per cent of 96.03 degrees polarization.
269,500 lbs. No. 2 Sugar 99.72 per cent of 94.83 degrees polarization.
269,490 lbs. Estimate in Mill of 96.03 degrees.

LOSSES.
Per 100 Lbs. Sucrose
In Bagasse..... 1.132 3,410,616 8.08
In Press Cake 0.079 239,987 0.568
In Molasses 0.554 1,521,625 3.650
Undetermined 0.375 1,120,076 2.614
2.140 6,102,204 13.910

Hours grinding, 3,143 1-3; days grinding (of 24 hours), 136.65; tons of cane ground, 150,644.504; tons of cane ground per day, 1,102.4; tons of cane ground per hour, 47.93; tons of sugar produced, 18,587,075; average polarization shipped, 95.61 deg. on 18,537,184 tons; average polarization sold, 97.15 deg. on 18,300,772 tons; actual loss in weight, 7.64 per cent 141.21 tons; actual gain by polarization, 558.87 103,557 tons; actual loss over all, 2052 per cent 37,453 tons; tons of sugar produced per day, 136.03; sugar per 100 cane, 12.33; tons cane per ton sugar, 8.10; pounds sugar per ton cane, 246.76.

SETS OUT TO KILL
MRS. ETZ ATTACKED TWICE AND LEFT IN PITIABLE STATE.
Saved from Fatal Results of Second Encounter with Grip by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Not content with smiting down its victim once, the grip often repeats the attack, and enlists in its service so many foes to health that it seems bent on murder from the first. Discouragement sets in and there is danger of his succumbing through sheer hopelessness of ever getting to the end of what are known as the after-effects. It is just here that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved such a help to thousands of distressed people.

"I suffered from two attacks of the grip," says Mrs. Mary M. Etz, of No. 309 West Clinton street, Elmira, N. Y., "and the second attack was followed by terrible after-effects. I suffered for nearly a year and during a great part of that time my symptoms were constantly increasing in severity, although I was under the care of a doctor and a nurse.

"There was an incessant ringing noise in my ears which was distracting to an extent that I cannot describe. I had very weak heart action and I believe that my kidneys became affected. There were terrible pains in my back and limbs and my feet and ankles were swollen. I had night sweats and sometimes a cold numbness would come over my limbs.

"My trouble was complicated with sciatic rheumatism and at times I could not raise my foot two inches from the floor. The rheumatism grew gradually worse as my system was weakened by the poison the grip had left in my body. About this time a friend of mine who lives in Corland recommended that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I did so and had taken but one box before I was relieved. In all, I took six boxes and was cured. One remarkable thing I noticed about the pills was that they began to give me strength almost as soon as I gave the treatment. I shall be glad to have you publish my statement and I hope the pills will be as much of a blessing to others as they were to me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box; six boxes for two dollars and a half, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

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Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box; six boxes for two dollars and a half, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Land Owners—
Puna Sugar Company, Ltd.—
Plant..... 1,223.5
Ratoons..... 1,698.8
Independent Planters.....
Plant..... 499.1
Ratoons..... 623.5
Total..... 4,040.9

Land Owners—
Puna Sugar Company, Ltd.—
Plant..... 466.8
Long Ratoons..... 274.47
Short Ratoons..... 382.29
Total..... 1,203.44

Land Owners—
Puna..... 10.
Total acres..... 5,463.82
Estimated yield, 21,500 tons sugar.
Crop 1904-5 (Estimated)

Oloa Sugar Company, Ltd.—
Acres..... 5,013.5
Independent Planters..... 618.00
Land Owners—Oloa..... 720.4
Puna Sugar Company, Ltd..... 1,005.02
Land Owners—Puna..... 40.00

Total acres..... 5,463.82
TABLE II.
MILL REPORT—SEASON OF 1902-03.
Extraction—91.02 total sugar; 79.58 cane; 12.808 per 100 cane.
Bagasse—4.01 total sugar; 22.847 cane; 1.132 sugar per 100; 45.87 moisture.
Press Cake—7.63 total sugar; 0.790 cane; 0.568 sugar per 100.
Brix Pol. Pur. Gluc.

1st mill juice..... 18.04 16.42 91.24 0.597
Mixed..... 15.94 14.26 89.43 0.525
Clarified..... 16.23 14.74 90.74 0.554
Syrup..... 57.27 56.03 90.39 1.590
Press juice..... 9.22 8.41 88.21
1st molasses..... 30.47 29.43 96.39
2d molasses..... 31.06 32.72 38.92
Waste molasses..... 84.95 28.39 33.17
Dilution..... 72.03
Fibre in cane..... 10.93

PRODUCED.
36,904,555 lbs. No. 1 Sugar 99.28 per cent of 96.03 degrees polarization.
269,500 lbs. No. 2 Sugar 99.72 per cent of 94.83 degrees polarization.
269,490 lbs. Estimate in Mill of 96.03 degrees.

LOSSES.
Per 100 Lbs. Sucrose
In Bagasse..... 1.132 3,410,616 8.08
In Press Cake 0.079 239,987 0.568
In Molasses 0.554 1,521,625 3.650
Undetermined 0.375 1,120,076 2.614
2.140 6,102,204 13.910

Hours grinding, 3,143 1-3; days grinding (of 24 hours), 136.65; tons of cane ground, 150,644.504; tons of cane ground per day, 1,102.4; tons of cane ground per hour, 47.93; tons of sugar produced, 18,587,075; average polarization shipped, 95.61 deg. on 18,537,184 tons; average polarization sold, 97.15 deg. on 18,300,772 tons; actual loss in weight, 7.64 per cent 141.21 tons; actual gain by polarization, 558.87 103,557 tons; actual loss over all, 2052 per cent 37,453 tons; tons of sugar produced per day, 136.03; sugar per 100 cane, 12.33; tons cane per ton sugar, 8.10; pounds sugar per ton cane, 246.76.

SETS OUT TO KILL
MRS. ETZ ATTACKED TWICE AND LEFT IN PITIABLE STATE.
Saved from Fatal Results of Second Encounter with Grip by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Not content with smiting down its victim once, the grip often repeats the attack, and enlists in its service so many foes to health that it seems bent on murder from the first. Discouragement sets in and there is danger of his succumbing through sheer hopelessness of ever getting to the end of what are known as the after-effects. It is just here that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved such a help to thousands of distressed people.

"I suffered from two attacks of the grip," says Mrs. Mary M. Etz, of No. 309 West Clinton street, Elmira, N. Y., "and the second attack was followed by terrible after-effects. I suffered for nearly a year and during a great part of that time my symptoms were constantly increasing in severity, although I was under the care of a doctor and a nurse.

"There was an incessant ringing noise in my ears which was distracting to an extent that I cannot describe. I had very weak heart action and I believe that my kidneys became affected. There were terrible pains in my back and limbs and my feet and ankles were swollen. I had night sweats and sometimes a cold numbness would come over my limbs.

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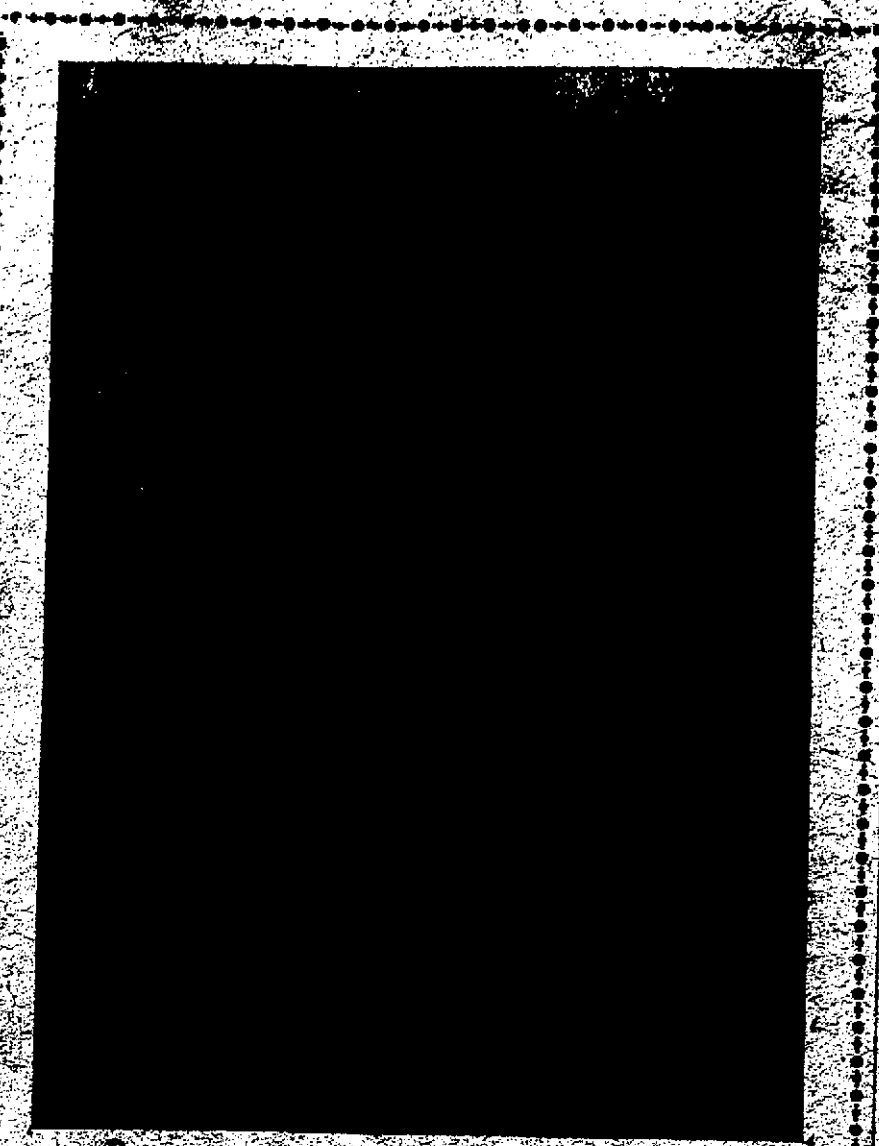
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Fibre in cane..... 10.93

ANDY BROWN IS OUT OF WATER-WORKS OFFICE



ANDREW BROWN, WHO HAS RESIGNED THE WATER WORKS SUPERINTENDENCY.

Andrew Brown tendered his resignation as Superintendent of Waterworks at the request of Governor Carter yesterday afternoon. The action came as a result of the disclosures in the Richardson embezzlement case which, in the opinion of the Governor, showed carelessness and too much laxity of management on the part of Mr. Brown. It was reported to Governor Carter yesterday that Brown had knowledge of wrong doing on the part of young Richardson six months ago, but that he had allowed the alleged shortage to be made up. This the Governor considered inexcusable and detrimental to the public service and asked Mr. Brown to hand in his resignation. While the punishment falls heavily on Mr. Brown, the Governor believes that it will be a good lesson for the chiefs of other bureaus, and that in the future there will be no condoning of offenses where public monies are concerned.

It is reported that irregularities in Richardson's accounts were discovered by the Internal Improvement Committee of the House six months ago. Mr. R. Sims the expert employed by that committee showing that there was a shortage of nearly \$1800. It was agreed between the members of the committee and Supt. Brown, so it is said, that Richardson should be given an opportunity to make good the loss.

"I have been compelled to ask Andrew Brown to resign as Superintendent of Waterworks," said Governor Carter last evening. "Mr. Brown has kindly consented to continue to serve until the end of the present month, by which time some one can be secured to fill his place."

"I am not satisfied with the management of the Waterworks under Mr. Brown, as exemplified the more recently by this Richardson matter. Information came to me, which though denied by Mr. Brown, I was compelled to believe, that made it no longer possible to have Mr. Brown continue in charge of the Waterworks office. Mr. Brown denied all knowledge of shortage on the part of Richardson, and while he may not have been informed of the recent incident of Richardson getting money at night yet it is a fact that as long as six months ago he was informed that there was something wrong in that office. His reply at that time was that the cash report was made up every night, and there could be no great shortage."

"When the matter of the alleged embezzlement was called to the attention of Mr. Brown he took the position that he was not responsible, that Richardson was under bond, and that therefore he had no special interest in the matter. I told him that he surely couldn't take such a position as that. The head of the office must assume every responsibility, and the fact that an employee is under bond can cut no figure. Richardson was appointed by Supt. Brown, and whether he was under bond or not, Mr. Brown was responsible for the conduct of the office."

"While I am sorry for Mr. Brown, I believe that the standard of conduct in public office requires that he resign. Heads of departments must understand that they are entirely responsible for the conduct of their offices and if the removal of Mr. Brown will accomplish that end, it will be a good thing eventually for the government. It will be hard to get as efficient a man for the Waterworks office as Mr. Brown has been. The outside work connected with that department cannot be improved upon. Mr. Brown has been a good man and it is going to be hard to replace him."

Nothing has been done looking towards the appointment of a successor to Mr. Brown. J. M. Little is his present assistant, and is talked of as a probable appointee.

Mr. Brown has been at the head of the water system in Honolulu since 1883. Previous to coming to Honolulu he was in the employ of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. at San Francisco, arriving here about seven months ago to take charge of some work for the

Honolulu Iron Works. When the county law went into effect Brown was chosen unanimously as Waterworks Superintendent for Honolulu. He has been very successful in his management of the Honolulu system.

HAWAII AND THE PHILIPPINE BILL
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Advocates and opponents of the extension of the coastwise navigation laws to the Philippines were given a hearing today by the House Committee on Merchant Marine. The only opponents of this measure who were present were William O. Smith of Hawaii and W. M. Alexander of Alexander & Baldwin of San Francisco, although former Representative George W. Earle of Indiana gave notice that the cordage manufacturers, whom he represents, would probably ask for a hearing with in the next few days.

Smith and Alexander explained the shipping of sugar from Hawaii to the United States, maintaining there is not even at the present time, enough shipping to carry Hawaiian sugar from Honolulu to New York at the rate Hawaiian planters want to pay. After a long drawn out controversy lasting most of the day they substantially admitted there is an abundance of tonnage for the purpose if they choose to pay the rate asked. But they have set \$60 per ton as the price for sailing tonnage from Honolulu to New York and thousands of tons of American shipping is lying idle rather than accept that rate.

Representative McDermott of New Jersey undertook to press this question upon Mr. Alexander, but could not obtain a direct statement from him. Representative Littlefield developed the fact that Hawaiians pay \$3 more by water and rail to New York than they do for all water route in order to keep down water rates. Winthrop L. Marvin of Boston presented a list of thirty-one steam vessels of aggregate tonnage more than 100,000 tons which would be available for Philippine service and which later in the day he compelled Mr. Alexander to admit were not now engaged in Hawaiian trade and consequently that trade could not be injured in the slightest degree by their entering Philippine business. Representative Green of Massachusetts picked up Mr. Alexander on his statement that sufficient insurance could not be obtained for cargoes of sugar in wooden sailing vessels.

"I don't believe that," said Mr. Greene. "I have been in the insurance business for fifty years and that has been my experience."

E. F. Luckenbach of New York said his firm had a number of vessels, some of which were laid up in New York for want of business, and all of them are available for Philippine trade.

Captain I. E. Thayer, representing general shipping interests in San Francisco, spoke in favor of the bill. There is an abundance of American shipping, he said, for both Hawaiian and Philippine trade.

William M. Bunker, representing the Chamber of Commerce of San Francisco, said the organization supported the bill because it believed in developing and protecting American shipping. It looks forward to the development of the Oriental trade and is anxious to have as many American vessels as possible engaged in it. He predicted that when the present war between Russia and Japan is over there will be a tremendous contest for Oriental trade and all nations will put forth their best efforts. It is therefore necessary for us to get in line and be ready for the struggle when it comes.

Siemens's Body Found.
(From Sunday's Daily.)
The body of young Siemens, who was drowned near the Oahu coast, was discovered yesterday while engaged in looking for the S. S. Sierra, was found yesterday about 2 o'clock and taken to the morgue. The body had a faint

been sold, about the Oahu coast, while the ship was going out yesterday. It floated into the open water and was soon washed out. A coroner's inquest was summoned by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth and taken to the morgue where the body was viewed. The remains were in bad condition. The inquest will take place on Monday.

THE CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS
Civil Service examinations will be held on the dates indicated below. Further information may be obtained by consulting Mr. Kanaka or Mr. McCoy at the postoffice; by consulting Mr. R. C. Stackable, Mr. John W. Short, Mr. W. D. Wilder or Mr. A. B. Ingalls at the custom house, or by consulting Prof. W. D. Alexander of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination on March 29-30, 1904, for the position of teacher in the Philippine service. Information has been received from the Insular Bureau of the War Department that 150 additional teachers will be required early in June. The salary of this position ranges from \$900 to \$1200 per annum and will be based upon the experience and the relative standing in the examination.

Those appointed will be eligible for promotion to the higher grades in the service, ranging from \$900 to \$2000 for teachers, and from \$1500 to \$2500 for division superintendents.

Women will not be admitted to this examination, except that wives of male applicants will be permitted to take the examination and, if they pass, will be preferred, in appointments, provided their husbands are also selected for appointment.

An examination on April 5-7

HEAVY KONA JUDGMENT

Ivanhoe Case Argued. Challenges in Jones Case Begin.

(From Sunday's Daily.)
Justice De Bolt yesterday gave judgment against Clinton J. Hutchins, trustee of the Kona Sugar Co., at the suit of W. W. Bierce Co., Ltd. Judgment is for plaintiff to recover the property sued for, or, failing to recover which, its cash value of \$22,000, together with damages of six per cent interest on that amount from June 1, 1908, to date of judgment.

THE MURDER TRIAL.

Twenty-one men appeared before Judge Robinson yesterday morning as newly summoned jurors. One after another was tried on his oath for cause why he should not serve upon the jury to try E. M. Jones for murder, and found wanting. Until Henry Gehring passed the ordeal early in the afternoon session with but four names left in the box.

Judge Robinson now decided, peremptory challenges being next in order, the question as to rotation of challenges which had been argued on Friday afternoon. The Hawaiian statute says that the challenges shall be exercised by the prosecution and the defense alternately. If this were construed to mean one about, then, when the prosecution had exercised its six challenges, the defense with its total allowance of twelve challenges would have absolute power to dismiss, without cause shown, one-half of the jury and not a man drawn to fill the places of the six men so dismissed could be peremptorily challenged by the Territory. On the other hand, by requiring the defense to exercise two challenges directly after each challenge by the prosecution, until both sides were satisfied or the challenges allowed were exhausted, the Territory would have something to say about the personnel of the jury until the empaneling was completed. Citing an Idaho decision as authority, Judge Robinson decided that the challenges should proceed in the order of one by the prosecution to two by the defense until a jury mutually satisfactory was found or the challenges allowed by law were exhausted.

CHALLENGES BEGIN.

J. J. Egan was challenged by the prosecution. His place was filled by J. H. Craig, after an examination in which the juror surprised the court with the information that he had never served on a jury before. There was a good deal of amusement over a test of Craig's admitted opinion, applied by Attorney Robertson. Witness was asked if he could discard the opinion that was existed between Japan and Russia if evidence contrary to the fact were produced. He did not think it a fair question, as there was no reasonable doubt about the war, while there might be facts disclosed in the trial of Jones which, considered with the law given by the court, would be conclusive over any casual opinion. Mr. Robertson noted exceptions when the court ruled to pass the juror for cause.

Isaiah Bray was challenged by the defense. There being no more names in the trial jury box, Clerk Simonton was directed to place therein the names of available jurors. These were found to number forty-nine, and a special venire for them, returnable at 10 a. m. Monday, was issued to the High Sheriff. At 2:30 the eleven jurors passed for cause were excused until tomorrow morning, under caution not to discuss the case outside.

TAX RETURNS SUSTAINED.

By unanimous decision, written by Justice Perry, the Supreme Court affirms the judgment of the Tax Appeal Court in the matter of the assessments of The Kona Co., Ltd., and the Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd. The Kona Co. returned its stock at a valuation of \$38,448.74, which was raised by the assessor to \$45,654.97. On appeal of the taxpayer to the lower court, it was sustained and the assessor appealed. The Pacific Hardware Co. returned its stock at a valuation of \$270,844.41, which the assessor raised to \$318,074.61. On appeal the taxpayer was sustained and the assessor carried the case to the Supreme Court. The gist of the decision is that the full cash value, which the law requires for the basis of taxation, necessarily means neither the inventory value nor a forced sale value, but the ordinary salable value. "We are satisfied," the decision concludes, "that in each case the valuation placed in the inventory was higher, and that returned not lower, than the cash value, and therefore affirm the decisions appealed from." Robertson & Wilder for the assessors; Smith & Lewis for the taxpayers.

MORE JAPANESE.

Five Japanese, arrested for selling a woman on a warrant issued Friday were brought before Judge Holt yesterday, proceedings in the Ivanhoe case being suspended for the purpose. District Attorney Ikeoka asked for the release of two of the prisoners on investigation being held to show the guilt and the character of the woman for examination by the U. S. marshal, a week from tomorrow, under bonds of \$100 each, if it was an order.

THE TRIAL ENDS.

Judge Robinson heard argument in the admiralty case of four sailors against the Hawaiian Navy yesterday, taking the case to the admiralty with briefs to be filed by J. J. Thompson, counsel for the sailors, and a personal appeal from the sailors, and all the matter upon his terms. He charged the Ivanhoe matter with interest, a matter which he testified he did not know the meaning of the marks "U" and "C" alone in the rating of sailors in their discharge certificates. Further than that, the two letters meant "good" and the single one "satisfactory," though he had been going to say twenty-nine years and master for fourteen years. Counsel Howe had contradicted him.

FRAUD TALK FLUNG BACK

Lucas Bros. Make Answer to Mr. Kendall.

Lucas Brothers have filed a lengthy answer to the bill for injunction brought by Herbert Kendall against Superintendent of Public Works Holloway and themselves, to prevent these defendants from receiving a contract for erecting the Lahainauna Seminary buildings. They allege that their bid of \$35,516 was the "lowest and best bid" for the work. It was further submitted in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, on January 29, amended and changed by the Superintendent before the date set for the opening of the bids, by eliminating the item of pay for the cost of a government inspector at \$4 a day. It is explained in the course of the answer, that the reason for cutting out this item was the information that the principal of the Lahainauna Seminary had sufficient technical knowledge to do the necessary inspection of the work on behalf of the Government.

These defendants claim that Mr. Kendall had constructive notice of the change in specifications, though questioning his right to be given such or any notice, in accordance with circumstances they describe. They say that it is a rule of the Department of Public Works that prospective bidders for any work shall register at the office of the department, paying a fee of \$5, which entitles them to receive copies of the plans and specifications. "All registered bidders are notified of any changes made before the date of opening the bids. These defendants having registered in this case received notice of the striking out of the item for government inspection." Mr. Kendall, as they claim, did not register. He had claimed to have sent a written request to the Superintendent of Public Works for a copy of the Lahainauna plans and specifications. This Mr. Holloway denied but upon a search discovered such a request attached to Mr. Kendall's bid for the Lahainauna school building, which of necessity was under seal on deposit in the office until the bids for that work were opened on the first day of February. Hence the Superintendent had no knowledge of the request until after the bids for the Lahainauna buildings had been opened.

In the meantime, these defendants on information allege, Mr. Kendall about the first week of February applied to W. W. Harris of Levers & Cooke, lumber dealers, for a copy of the Lahainauna plans and specifications, tenders for the work being open until noon of February 17, and that thereupon Mr. Harris forwarded a copy thereof to the plaintiff, who was then in Hilo. Levers & Cooke having registered and paid the fee of \$5 entitling them to procure the documents. It is claimed that Levers & Cooke had been notified of the change in question, therefore that the plaintiff through them had constructive notice of such change.

Moreover, it is alleged that plaintiff came from Hilo to Honolulu several days before the 17th of February, and had ample means of informing himself of the change aforesaid, and if he was not notified of the change in question and did not know of the change in said plans and specifications it was not the fault of said Superintendent of Public Works or of these defendants. That said Superintendent of Public Works at the time said change was made in the specifications had no means of knowing, and was under no obligation to know, that plaintiff was a bidder for the school buildings in question, and defendants say in this connection that plaintiff had failed to take the necessary steps to entitle him to such notice.

"Furthermore," Lucas Brothers say in conclusion, "these defendants verily believe and charge that plaintiff well knew, at the time he filed his bid as aforesaid, of said amendment to the plans and specifications, and that his bid was in fact made on the amended specifications, and that plaintiff is attempting to defraud defendants out of the contract in question by falsely claiming now that his lump bid aforesaid did in fact include seven months' pay for a public inspector at \$4 per diem, and in this connection defendants say that seven months was an inordinate length of time in which to erect said buildings, and that the item for plastering as set forth in plaintiff's original bill herein was excessively low and that no such bid for the plastering work was justified or could recoup the bidder making the same."

The answer is signed by Thos. R. Lucas, Charles Lucas and John Lucas, all sworn to by John Lucas on behalf of himself and his partners. With the statement that it was generally known "W. G." stood for "W. G. Henderson" and "H. G." stood for "H. G. Henderson" were made. The defendants also stated that they had been notified of the change in question, therefore that the plaintiff through them had constructive notice of such change. Moreover, it is alleged that plaintiff came from Hilo to Honolulu several days before the 17th of February, and had ample means of informing himself of the change aforesaid, and if he was not notified of the change in question and did not know of the change in said plans and specifications it was not the fault of said Superintendent of Public Works or of these defendants. That said Superintendent of Public Works at the time said change was made in the specifications had no means of knowing, and was under no obligation to know, that plaintiff was a bidder for the school buildings in question, and defendants say in this connection that plaintiff had failed to take the necessary steps to entitle him to such notice.

WIRELESS COMPANY IS IN MORE TROUBLE

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The majority of the stockholders of the Inter-Island Telegraph Co. yesterday refused to ratify the agreement which that company has with the Waterhouse Trust Co. F. J. Cross, the promoter of the wireless, who controlled the majority of the stock at yesterday's meeting, is dissatisfied with the management of the affairs of the company, and through his attorney, F. E. Thompson, objected to carrying out the arrangement made by the board of directors (of which he is one) with the company that is furnishing the money to improve the system. Waterhouse & Co. have a claim against the company of over \$6500 which is secured by a mortgage on all the property of the company, as well as by the agreement with the Board of Directors. Thompson said that he was willing to give the Waterhouse Trust Co. all the security it wanted, but objected to the form of the agreement, which took entire control of the affairs of the wireless from the hands of the stockholders and placed it in the Waterhouse Trust Co.

DIDN'T OWN THE STOCK.

Before the meeting opened, M. P. Robinson, as president of the Oceanic Gas and Electric Co. which is on the books as owning 150 shares, stated that he wished to say that the company relinquished all ownership in the stock and he would revoke the proxy given to F. J. Cross at a previous meeting. The release presented at the meeting was an agreement, signed by R. H. Trent, as treasurer, on behalf of the Inter-Island Telegraph Co., releasing the Oceanic Company from liability for the assessment on the 150 shares amounting to \$4500 in exchange for a receipt for \$900 owing to the Oceanic Company by the wireless. Mr. Robinson stated that no one knew who had subscribed for the 150 shares and that the Oceanic Gas and Electric Co. was not responsible, although an assessment had been made.

EXCHANGE OF STOCK.

There were altogether 121 shares of the 2000 represented at the meeting, of which Cross held about 700. W. W. Hall, president at the meeting in the absence of G. J. Waller, the president, F. J. Cross moved that the meeting consider the disposition of the assessable stock which was advertised for sale today. The motion was seconded by F. E. Thompson, who presented the following resolution:

"Whereas, pursuant to instructions from the Board of Directors of the Inter-Island Telegraph Company, Limited, its Treasurer has advertised for sale on Saturday, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1904, certain assessable stock of this company upon which assessments are due and unpaid, and whereas, the market is not in a condition to absorb at any fair price the stock so advertised for sale, which, if bought in at a nominal price, would place in the hands of speculators, one-fourth of the stock of the company, and

Whereas, we believe that the organizers and original stockholders should, so far as possible, be protected in the amount of their several investments, Therefore, be it resolved: by the stockholders of the Inter-Island Telegraph Company, Limited, at a special meeting thereof, held in the Castle & Cooke Hall, on Friday, the 11th day of March, A. D. 1904, at the hour of 3:30 p. m., pursuant to due and regular call, that the Treasurer be, and he is hereby instructed to withdraw from sale, said advertised, delinquent assessable stock, and

Be it further resolved: that the President and Treasurer of this company be, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed, upon the request of any holder of assessable stock upon which assessments are due and unpaid, to issue in lieu thereof as many shares of paid up stock as the total amount of the paid up assessments on said stock is divisible by 50; the assessable stock so acquired to be and remain in the Treasury of the company. In the event of there being a total amount of paid assessments by 50, the stockholder to have the right to pay in cash the difference between such remainder and fifty and receive therefor a share of fully paid up stock.

R. H. Trent moved as an amendment that the treasurer be authorized to buy in the stock offered for sale, bidding up to the amount paid in, the stock to be turned into the company treasury. This Mr. Trent said would give every stockholder a pro rata share of the stock.

Mr. Thompson said that the action proposed by Mr. Trent was contrary to

the charter, as the company could not hold any of its own stock. He said that there were 600 shares to be sold, which some speculator might pick up at a dollar per share, and then by purchasing 601 shares more secure control of the company.

Mr. Trent said that the sale of the assessable stock had been ordered at a meeting of the directors, and he asked why directors who had voted for this action, should now speak through attorneys against the action. Mr. Trent withdrew his amendment and Thompson's resolution carried.

THE AGREEMENT.

A letter was next read from the Henry Waterhouse Trust Co. asking that action be taken on the agreement made with the Board of Directors. The agreement, which was read, provided that the Waterhouse Trust Co. should manage the affairs of the company, in consideration of furnishing \$4,000 for certain improvements in the system. The trustee is to receive \$165.66 per month, for office rent, bookkeeping and services, and is also to have a member on the board of directors, and to get a mortgage on the entire property of the Inter-Island Telegraph Co. There can be no change in the directors while the agreement is in force.

Mr. Davies moved that the agreement be ratified, and he was seconded by R. C. Brown.

Mr. Thompson said that the agreement could not be ratified, that it gave to the Waterhouse Trust Co. the duties of the treasurer, and the powers of the directors, and was contrary to the by-laws. He also contended that it could not be passed unless the by-laws were repealed as the directors were given general management of the company. He said that while he believed the Waterhouse Trust Co. should be secured, as it had bridged the chasm between poverty and possible prosperity, yet he did not believe it should be given all the rights and duties of the stockholders.

Mr. Trent replied that the Waterhouse Trust Co. had been acting under the agreement in good faith, and had faithfully performed its part of the contract. The Inter-Island Telegraph Co. now had overdrawn its account to the amount of \$6600, and he believed the stockholders were supreme to act as they wished and ratify this agreement. If there was a majority against the ratification of the agreement, the Waterhouse Trust Co. wanted to know it at once as they were vitally interested in the matter. He did not believe Mr. Thompson's point was well taken, as the Board of Directors had delegated what authority it had to the Waterhouse Trust Co. Nothing was done without first obtaining action by the directors. The trust company had a mortgage as well as the agreement, and had advanced \$6600 showing its good faith. If the stockholders wished to throw the company down, the Waterhouse Trust Co. would like to know it.

While the company did not insist upon satisfaction, it did insist upon some action on this matter, and also that the objects for which the meeting was called be carried out. Thompson said there was an added objection to considering the agreement, namely, that it had not been mentioned in the call for the meeting. Mr. Thompson said he had only the highest commendation for the way the Waterhouse Co. had carried on the company commercially, and that he had no disposition to cut out their security, but he didn't think it fair that the concern which had the entire management and control. He said that the company could be secured without taking away the rights of the stockholders, and that a portion of the agreement could be approved and certain portions should be rejected, as pernicious.

R. C. Brown moved that the by-laws be suspended and the agreement ratified. Mr. Davies seconded the motion. Mr. Thompson was asked for an opinion as to whether this could be done, but said he wouldn't want to give a legal opinion, as it might seem biased, but he intended to vote against it. He raised the point of order that there was a motion before the house, and Davies then withdrew his previous motion for the ratification of the agreement. The vote on the motion to suspend the by-laws was then taken, Cross, Thompson, Campbell and McClain holding a majority of the stock present, voting against it.

Cross then moved to adjourn until Tuesday at 3:30 o'clock, which was carried.

RICHARDSON COMMITTED

Judge Binds Clerk Over Kapea and Fernandez to the Circuit Court.

On a charge of embezzling \$100 of public moneys, Vivian Richardson, former chief clerk of the waterworks department, has been bound over to the Circuit Court for trial. Judge Dickey found the evidence sufficient to cause the prisoner to have his case advanced to the Circuit Court.

Richardson was represented by Robertson & Wilder, the prosecution being looked after by High Sheriff Brown. The complaint was read, specifying as one charge, the embezzlement of \$100 of public moneys from the waterworks department. Wilder demurred on the ground that the complaint did not set forth sufficient facts to sustain the charge of embezzlement, alleging that on the statute there was no such person as the clerk of the Superintendent of Waterworks who was in charge of the public money. Wilder's contention was that the statute provided that the Superintendent of Waterworks is the person to collect water rates and to safeguard moneys. The demurrer was overruled by Judge Dickey.

Superintendent of Waterworks Andrew Brown was put on the stand and stated in answer to a question as to what were the duties of the chief clerk, that it was his duty to collect all moneys due the department and to have them in his safekeeping. The chief clerk had no orders to remove moneys belonging to the department on February 17. Mr. Brown said he had had a conversation with the defendant in which he had asked him on what night he had entered the office, and questioned him also as to the amount of money he had taken. He stated that the conversation was practically a confession. Richardson had then told him he had taken \$100 but had replaced it the next morning. The defendant had not come to the witness voluntarily. Richardson said the money had been taken on or about February 13, but he was not sure of the date. The conversation was held on March 1.

John Gouveia, a hackdriver, testified that about 7:30 p. m. on February 17 he was called to the Anchor saloon by Richardson. He carried a note for Richardson to Clerk Woodward of the waterworks office who lived on Punch-bowl. Woodward had refused to return with Gouveia, and the latter reported the result of his mission to Richardson. Gouveia was then instructed by Richardson to return to Woodward and procure the key to the safe in the waterworks department. Gouveia followed instructions. The hackman then drove Richardson to the Capitol building and Richardson went into the waterworks department alone. He returned and told Gouveia that the combination had been changed and he could not open the safe. Richardson was then driven to Woodward's place and the combination was learned. He was away for about fifteen minutes. They returned to the Anchor saloon, Gouveia being paid \$1. Richardson had a large quantity of gold in his pocket. Gouveia was invited to take a drink and went into the saloon. Several men were in the saloon playing dice. Gouveia states that he had his drink which Richardson paid for, the latter throwing some gold before the players, saying "Put in the game."

Second Clerk Daniel Woodward of the waterworks department said Richardson visited him between 8:30 and 9 o'clock the night of February 17 and asked for the key to the safe and later he came to ask for the combination. He asked Woodward to go back with him as he was too full to open it alone. Woodward refused to go with him. The key was returned to Woodward in the morning. Woodward stated he knew of government money only being kept in the safe.

High Sheriff Brown stated that he was present at an interview between Assistant Attorney General Fleming and Richardson on the morning of March 9, after the arrest. Richardson had then stated he had driven from the Anchor saloon on the night of February 17 to the waterworks office and had taken \$100 from the safe. He said he had been in the Anchor saloon with a crowd whose intention was to go to the Brunswick billiard parlors. He said he had returned the money the next morning.

Richardson had admitted to Fleming that he was in the habit of putting 100 U's in the safe for money drawn from the government safe.

The bond for \$5000 given by Richardson after his arrest was approved again after Judge Dickey had committed Richardson to the Circuit Court. The sureties are J. H. Lewis, Harry Armitage and Mr. Fernandez.

that you turn over to Mr. Harding, if practicable, the records and equipment, including instruments, of your meteorological office, and kindly cooperate with him in the accomplishment of the work to which he has been assigned. We shall equip the station with a first class observatory, and establish an effective climate and crop service for the Islands. Mr. Harding has been directed to negotiate for the renting of a building suitable as an observatory and living quarters for himself and family. Very respectfully,
WILLIS L. MOORE,
Chief U. S. Weather Bureau.

Edwin Fernandez, son of Manager Fernandez of the Hawaiian Hardware Co., has no connection with the Fernandez concerned with the embezzlement of Kapea. The latter is reported to have been formerly employed in the Andrade stables.

RECOVERED THE BONDS

May Be Held in Japan.

The Hawaiian Trust Co. has recovered the \$4500 in bonds taken by Henry Kapea. Henry Kapea has also been located and a cable will be sent to Yokohama asking that he, with young Fernandez, be taken into custody upon the arrival of the steamer China at that port.

The Hawaiian Trust Co. took up the stolen bonds at the amount which the purchasers had paid for them. Two of the bonds, \$1,000 Oahu Railway Bonds had been sold outright and had passed through four or five different hands. The final purchaser, one of the local banks, paid the full market value, slightly above par, with accrued interest, for the bonds. Young Fernandez, who is said to have come with Kapea, is alleged to have disposed of these two bonds.



HENRY KAPEA.

\$1,000 bonds originally. The remaining bonds were all put out as security for loans by Kapea, for which he gave his note. Generally the amount loaned was eighty per cent of the par value of the bond. Treasurer Galt of the Trust Company took up all these notes and secured the bonds. The company's actual loss is \$4,000.

It was definitely learned yesterday morning that Kapea left for Japan on the China last Saturday, and it is believed that he was accompanied by Fernandez. The latter has been missing since the day the China left, and his wife said yesterday that she had no knowledge of his whereabouts.

On the day prior to the China's leaving, Kapea left two bundles at the local messenger office, which were later sent to the steamer. He came in during the day and took a coat from one of the bundles, and at the same time left the note, telling of his contemplated suicide, which was not to be delivered until Sunday morning. It was discovered also that two steamer tickets for the China were sold by Hackett & Co. last Saturday morning. The purchasers gave their names as F. Peters and Chas. Jones.

Kapea cannot be extradited under the present treaty with Japan. Provision is made for the extradition of public officers charged with embezzlement of government funds, but it does not apply to offenses against private corporations. The former treaty covered embezzlement of private funds as well. For some reason this was omitted in the new treaty. Mr. Galt hopes, however, to secure the return of both Kapea and Fernandez, the latter on the charge of negotiating a stolen instrument.

A request will be made to Consul General Saito to be forwarded the Japanese Minister at Washington, for the arrest of the two young men, upon their arrival in Yokohama. The cable will be used in acquainting the Japanese government with the nature of the offense, and a request will be made that the men be apprehended when the China touches at Yokohama. This it is expected that the Japanese government will consent to do, out of its friendship for the United States, and every influence will be brought to bear to bring about the result. If the two men are detained, an officer will be sent from Honolulu to bring them back for trial.

MORE TOURISTS ARE COMING

A party of twelve Raymond & Whitcomb tourists have booked for the Alameda which is to arrive from San Francisco on Friday. Other tourists are also on the steamer, according to the letter, Secretary Boyd of the Promotion Committee received from Mr. Jennifer in the Doric mail. The Sonoma also has a party of a dozen or more tourists booked for the 30th.

A letter was received yesterday from a Knight Templar in Ohio saying that the delegation from that State is likely to visit Hawaii after leaving California in August.

NO FRIEND LIKE AN OLD FRIEND.—He will always help you in time of need. It is the name with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is an old and tried friend in many thousands of homes, and, like other old friends, can be depended upon in time of need. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Berman, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Kalua Charges the Grand Jury

MAUI, March 12.—The March jury term of the Second Judicial Circuit opened on the morning of the ninth at Wailuku court-house. Hon. J. W. Kalua presiding. W. T. Hawkins represented the Attorney-General's department and C. W. Anbford, J. M. Vinyas and A. G. Correa, visiting Honolulu attorneys, were present in court.

After the consideration of the calendar, the grand jury with A. G. Dickens of Wailuku as foreman went to work and will make a partial report of its doings sometime this afternoon.

The petty jury after two days of labor last night rendered a sealed verdict in a civil case of ejectment, *Makala Hoos versus Ah Moa*, both parties hereto being residents of Lahaina. The verdict as announced in court this morning was \$1-damages for the plaintiff. The trial jury has at least two weeks' work before it.

Judge Kalua in his charge to the grand jury said:

It is especially within your power to investigate alleged irregularities in public office. Through you the light of day can be turned upon any transaction in a public life where there is suspicion of criminality. In your investigations of encroachments on the public thoroughfares, the crossing of railroads, etc., and such other matters of public interest, I would suggest that you take into consideration the reports and recommendations of former grand juries. The Sheriff of this Circuit has called this Court's attention to the absence of any sanitary regulation concerning market places, without which the recommendations of the last grand jury could not be carried into effect. Another matter the Sheriff submitted is that regarding the use of the public thoroughfares as back stands by licensed peddlers, - in Walluku as well as in Lualaba. Being a representative body, and with the power in you, such recommendations as to localities you may make, with such suggestions as to regulations to be enacted, would very materially assist the department of the Government having jurisdiction of such

entertainments on the public thoroughfares, the crossing of railroads, etc., and such other matters of public interests, I would suggest that you take into consideration the reports and recommendations of foreign and Indian

AN AFTERNOON TEA.
One of the most pleasing of Maui social events took place at the Puuine residence of Mrs. H. P. Baldwin, Wednesday afternoon, the 5th, between 3 and 4 o'clock, the occasion being an afternoon tea given by Mrs. Baldwin in honor of her sister-in-law, Mrs. James Alexander of Oakland. The reception was held on the large veranda where after the formal greetings of hosts and guests of honor were given, each lady was initiated into the mysteries of the tea ceremony and was

... that is to say, she was requested

me gazing into a large oval mirror draw a square and to connect its corners with diagonal lines, a much more difficult task than it seems. Prizes were awarded. After a short musical program rendered in the park's delicious refreshments were served.

at fourteen small tables on the la-

STRAY NOTES.

Yesterday for the first time an automobile climbed the hills from Punene into Makawao, 1700 feet above the sea. The machine seemed to perform its task without unusual effort. The cows and cattle in the pastures adjoining the roads scampered away in wild alarm at the sight of the little car.

Maui Home Rulers appear to feel quite jubilant over their permanent union with the Island Democrats. They

the confident of victory at the next election.

Continuous south wind and myriads of mosquitoes are prominent features of Maui life at present.

Miss Swan, formerly of Puuene, now in charge of Pala plantation hospital.

Mrs. W. T. Rawlins, the wife of the Deputy Attorney General, is a visitor at Waialuku during the term of court.

The steamer Nevadon departed from Honolulu for San Francisco with a load of sugar on the night of the 10th. Mr.

1 Mrs. E. H. Paris, of Honolulu,
 moved to the coast aboard of her

Paris is bound for New York on Chinese while Mrs. Paris will visit friends in San Francisco.

In the 18th baseball game will take place at Huelo between the Huelos and Masas and at Kuan between the Masas and Hamakua Pokos.

Weather: Warm with little wind.

◆◆◆◆◆

Says Hawaiian Girl.

HENO (New.), March 9.—Virginia Eli, a half-bred Hawaiian girl, and a Chin. a Chinese, were arrested on their arrival here tonight from Aikuan, Chief Leeper. The officers have a session from the girl to the effect that the Chinese bought her from her parents, paying \$200. When arrested she was on the way to San Francisco, where it is stated he has a contract with a Chinese merchant to deliver the girl for \$1000 for his human chattel.

The girl is 20 years of age and quite beautiful. She made a statement to a man in Aikuan concerning the price paid for her and her intention of taking her

an Francisco. He told the girl he had money on hand. Both came to

and mother, both trapped in an all wife and a girl's career for being with the w is that her mother treated her, at last forcing her to accompany "him". To avoid ill-treatment she fled. She will probably be returned to California and prosecuted. Both now in jail here.

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WORKING AT REDUCTIONS

Plan to Run Government Without an Extra Session.

"We are merely working on a plan to see if it is feasible to run the government without calling an extra session of the Legislature."

This is the explanation Secretary Atkinson offered when declining to give out for publication at present the proposed reductions in expenditures so far as made up. Asked how much of the work he had gone over he replied:

"The Attorney General's department, the police bureau, the Survey department, the Board of Health, the Auditing department, the Treasurer's department, the Land Registration Court, the Public Lands department and the Education department are all completed. I have the Agricultural department, the Bureau of Conveyances and the Tax office yet to go over."

"Mr. Holloway is working on the figures for the Department of Public Works, which of course is the heaviest of all to handle."

"The Governor has directed that this business shall have the right of way in all departments and finished."

"We went over some of the statements on Saturday, when some sums gave us trouble. Here is one for instance of \$25,000. Details are necessary for a complete understanding of the matter, and the Governor insists upon having them."

"However, we shall have the totals in a short time. Possibly they may be worked out tomorrow night."

Monday, March 14.
U. S. N. T. Solace, Singer, for Mare Island and San Francisco at 10 a. m.
Gaso, schr. Kelpie, Gaban, for Honolulu at 3 p. m.

DEPARTED.
Saturday, March 12.
S. S. Doric, Smith, for the Orient and Manila at 5 p. m.
S. S. Milver, Hemming, for Columbia at 8 p. m.

Saturday, March 12.
Am. ship Wm. P. Frye, Sewall, for Delaware Breakwater 2:30 p. m.
Am. schr. J. H. Lunsman, Johnson, for Portland at 11 a. m.

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ALL TALK OF FUSION

M'Carthy Outlines Democratic Status.

"Officially the Democratic party knows nothing about fusion with the Home Rulers," said Col. C. J. McCarthy, Democratic National Committeeman yesterday.

"Individual members may be working to induce Home Rulers to come into the party, but the Democrats as a party cannot make overtures to the Home Rule party. If the Home Rulers wish to join the party they are welcome to do so, and we shall be glad to receive them into the fold. The Home Rule party has not sent any communication to the Democratic committee relative to fusion, so that whatever fusion may be accomplished is not being done officially."

"Prior to the last election there was a proposition for the fusion of the two parties. When Delegate Wilcox returned from Washington he brought a letter signed by Senator Jones, Senator Blackburn and other Democratic leaders favoring fusion of the two parties."

"A meeting was held at that time between leaders of both parties in Waverly hall and it was agreed that fusion was wise. The matter was delayed, however, because of the absence of Kalamakani. He favored fusion at that time, but straightway left for Maui, and was reported to have talked against it from the moment he landed. He was gone for a month and in his absence the executive committee of both parties voted to amalgamate and the matter was thought to be settled. Kalamakani returned, however, and he was non-committal on the proposition. Two Democrats were nominated and endorsed by the Home Rulers, but fusion was never actually effected."

"The proposition seems to be about this. The Home Rulers think that they elected their whole ticket in the last election and were counted out by the Republicans. Now they think they can get the help of the supposed scalawags in the Democratic party to get the best of the scalawags in the Republican party."

"Eventually I believe the Home Rulers must fuse with one or the other of the great parties. It is only a question of time when they must become either Democrats or Republicans. As a party we can't afford to make overtures to them but individuals are, I understand, working to bring about fusion. We have had blanks printed and intend to form Democratic clubs in every precinct in the Islands. Then if the Home Rulers wish to come in they are welcome. Wilcox was favorable to the plan and Campbell also worked to bring it about but some of the leaders in the party are opposed to it."

"The Democrats have done nothing as yet regarding the delegates to the National Convention. We are waiting now for the Democratic National Committee to appoint the committeeman for Hawaii. There is some difference of opinion as to the choice for President. Hearst is talked of and there is also opposition to him. At our last national convention John Wise, Prince David, W. B. Cornwell, J. D. Holt, W. Withers, E. B. McClanahan and C. T. Wilcox were our delegates. I don't know who will go this year."

"I am working for fusion between the Home Rule and Democratic party," said the Princess Theresa Wilcox, widow of the late Delegate Wilcox, yesterday afternoon. "When Billy White was back from Maui last I told him to go home and turn all the Home Rulers into the Democrats, and he did it, too. John Richardson is a Democrat on Maui, and all of the natives are in one party there now."

"What about the party you and Mr. Campbell were going to form," Mrs. Wilcox was asked.

"I don't know about Mr. Campbell, but I am working for fusion between the Home Rule and Democratic parties," continued the Princess. "In that way we are certain to win all the time."

"Why the Democratic party?" "I like the Democratic party."

"Why the Democratic, rather than the Republican party?" "Well, I don't know. But then it was always my idea to have a Home Rule Democratic party, and I don't like to change my mind. I am going to be a Home Rule Democrat and I want all my friends to join with me."

"I intend to rest for six months more, but then I will go in and work, and work hard."

"I am in politics, and I mean always to be in politics. I will never give it up."

"I don't believe that effective fusion between the Democratic and Home Rule parties can be accomplished at this time," said E. B. McClanahan, a delegate to the last Democratic National Convention.

"There are too many old natives in the back country, the mountaineers, who won't join either of the great political parties. A couple more delegates be-

SO FAR SIX CHALLENGES

Slow Progress Is Made Getting a Jury.

There were 23 jurors returned before Judge Robinson for purposes of the Jones murder trial yesterday morning. For sufficient cause, shown the court at the outset excused Henry A. Asch, A. R. Gurrey, Jr., Robert Ball, J. J. Byrne, Andreas Nelson and Charles Hummel.

At the close of Saturday's session the situation consisted of eleven men having passed for cause and one challenge each having been exercised by the prosecution and the defense. H. A. Parmelee was challenged by the defense yesterday morning.

John Edwards passed for cause, only to be peremptorily challenged by the prosecution. E. J. Walker and W. F. Irving were excused for cause and Jonathan Shaw was called, when the noon hour arrived. The defense challenged H. C. Brown and the following were called in succession but all failed to pass for cause: M. J. Carroll, H. W. Lake, E. B. Woodhouse, Blam P. Chapin, Edwin J. Stone, Joseph Kala, John A. McCandless, Henry P. Roth, Henry R. Kaohi and H. C. Carter, the last-named being excused on a doctor's certificate.

Robert W. Atkinson passed for cause. Jonathan Shaw was challenged by the defense.

Thomas Andrews was called and was under examination when the court adjourned for the day, with eight names still in the trial jury box.

At the close of the day the total of challenges exercised was two by the prosecution and four by the defense, leaving the prosecution four and the defense eight available challenges. The panels of Judges De Bolt and Gear were placed at the disposal of Judge Robinson. Most of the jurors drawn yesterday were Gear's.

SHORT JURY ACCEPTED.
After several hearings on preliminary matters, the trespass suit of J. Freitas vs. D. Kawanakoa et al. came to a trial by jury before Judge De Bolt yesterday. J. A. Magoon and J. Lightfoot appeared for plaintiff; C. W. Ashford for defendant. After several jurors had been excused for cause and peremptorily challenged by the parties, the panel became exhausted and the court ordered the appearance forthwith of jurors who had been excused until called.

At this point Mr. Magoon offered to accept the eleven men in the box to try the case. Mr. Ashford consented and the following jury of eleven was sworn: Joseph Andrade, J. C. Artell, Charles R. Collins, George Dillingham, E. H. Clapp, Henry Cook, William H. McInerney, Sam K. Aki, D. J. Styne, C. J. Ludwigsen and John Kidwell. The action relates to land in Kona, Hawaii, plaintiff claiming that D. Kawanakoa and J. Kalamakoa violated a covenant of lease to him.

ALLEGED WRECKING CASE.
Judge Gear further heard yesterday and will resume the hearing this morning of the alleged commercial wrecking case—V. O. Teixeira, J. A. Lopez, Victorino Carreira, J. G. Ferrigoli and Manuel Sousa vs. American Dry Goods Association, Ltd., L. B. Kerr & Co., Ltd., and L. B. Kerr. Broadly speaking the complaint is that, by manipulation of the shares of the American Dry Goods Association, that corporation was extinguished and its business swallowed by the Kerr corporation, the complainants losing the \$300 paid for their stock. Henry E. Highton appears for the complainants, and Henry E. Cooper for the respondents.

COURT NOTES.
Jesse M. McChesney was again before Judge Gear yesterday afternoon under order to disclose all debts owing to M. W. McChesney & Sons, the order being on the motion of First National Bank, judgment creditor. The matter was not concluded. Abraham Lewis, Jr., appeared for the order; W. W. Thayer for the respondent.

Harvey Carpenter has filed an amended complaint against J. Alfred Magoon and Thomas Fitch, in the suit to recover \$150 on the check of Magoon to Fitch drawn on Bishop & Co's bank, which Fitch endorsed and the bank protested, the bank afterward assigning the dishonored paper to the plaintiff. W. S. Fleming is plaintiff's attorney.

Judgment for plaintiff is entered in the covenant suit of Enoch Johnson vs. William C. Achi, for \$200 damages and costs taxed at \$11.

In the assumption suit of C. E. Camp vs. L. K. Kentwell, with Bank of Hawaii and Hawaiian Realty and Maturity Co. garnishees, the defendants are given ten days in which to answer or take other course.

Poor Feebles (about to be called on for appendicitis)—"Don't tell me you begin I wish you would, but I have your pastor, the Rev. Mr. A. A. Come over," Dr. Cutler said, "if you will, but—ah!"

"I like to be opened," he said.

"I am bringing them into the party, but I don't believe it can be accomplished," said E. B. McClanahan, a delegate to the last Democratic National Convention.

"There are too many old natives in the back country, the mountaineers, who won't join either of the great political parties. A couple more delegates be-

MORTGAGE NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

A. B. LOEBENSTEIN.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated September 4th, 1897, made by A. B. Loebenstein, Trustee, of Hilo, Island of Hawaii, Hawaiian Islands, mortgagee, to W. O. Smith, Trustee, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, mortgagee and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 171, pages 367, 328 and 319, and which said mortgage was assigned and transferred by said W. O. Smith, Trustee, to A. S. Wilcox, of Hanalei, Island of Kauai, Territory of Hawaii, by assignment dated September 4th, 1897, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 171, page 367, the said A. S. Wilcox, assignee of the mortgage, intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the Court House in Hilo, Island of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, at 11 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 14th day of March, 1908, by E. E. Ray, auctioneer.

The property covered by said mortgage consists of all that certain place, parcel or lot of land situate in Hilo, Island of Hawaii, Hawaiian Islands, generally called Reeds Island, being a parcel of land surrounded by parts of the Walluku River, and being a portion of the Ahupuaa of Pihouua, called "Koloiki," and containing an area of 24 acres more or less.

Together with all the rights, easements and appurtenances thereto belonging and the improvements that may be thereon.

Terms: Cash. United States Gold Coin; deeds at the expense of purchaser.

For further particulars apply to W. O. Smith, Judd Building, Honolulu, or E. E. Ray, Hilo, Hawaii.

A. S. WILCOX, Mortgagee.
Dated Honolulu, February 26, 1904.

Accidental Death.
The inquest over the body of Wedart Siemsen, whose body was found on Saturday in the harbor near the Oceanic wharf, was held at the Police Station at noon yesterday. Dr. J. S. B. Pratt of the Board of Health testified that his examination of the body showed the young man had been drowned. It was shown by other witnesses that young Siemsen had undoubtedly mistaken a port through which he crawled for one which opened directly to the sea on the port side of the vessel. This port, however, opened at a place where the scow was about twelve feet distant, and he had dropped into the water. Being unable to swim he was drowned. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above testimony.

STRUCK AN EEL MINE.
James Spencer, of Newport, has been actually "mining" eels the past few days. While setting his muskrat trap he discovered thousands of the squirmers imbedded in the muskrat "roads." They ranged in size from tiny ones to over a pound each, and all he had to do was to pick them out by hand. The muskrat roads never freeze up, and the eels have traveled them for miles from the water.

HAWAIIAN FIGHT AGAINST THE SHIPPING BILL.
(Continued from page 6.)
nullifies all the elections that had been held for county officers, and leaves us with the old territorial government. Many of our best citizens are inclined to the view that the provision for county government was unwise in that the people are not as yet ready for it. One result of it would be the election to important offices of men that were unfit to hold such places, and looking at it in this light, the decision of the court was in the interest of the people."

"Hon. Harold Sewall of Maine, who was seen at the New Willard last evening, makes occasional visits to Washington, where he has numerous friends. Having inherited large shipping interests, he is naturally feels favorable to the shipping bills now before Congress, but because he is convinced they will be, if enacted, beneficial to the American people. Mr. Sewall has served twice in the legislature of his State with credit to himself, and there is strong reason for believing he will be elected speaker when that body meets next winter."

"Asked for an opinion on national politics, Mr. Sewall said: 'There cannot be the slightest doubt of Republican success. The Democrats are pursuing their old and futile policy of objecting to everything by which the progress of the country is advanced and its prosperity increased. This program has



It's an easy job for the barber to part the hair on a head like this. It's just as easy to prevent baldness as you only do the right thing. Baldness is almost always a sure sign of neglect; it is the story of neglected dandruff. Dandruff is untidy, unnecessary, and unhealthy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

cures dandruff and prevents baldness. You save your hair and you are spared the annoyance of untidy clothing. It also stops falling of the hair, and makes the hair grow thick and long. Do not be deceived by cheap imitations which will only disappoint you. Make sure that you get the genuine Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the Hamakua Mill Co., held in Honolulu on March 10th, 1904, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

President.....Mr. F. M. Swamy
Vice-President.....Mr. Cecil Brown
Treasurer.....Mr. W. H. Baird
Secretary.....Mr. T. C. Davies
Auditor.....Mr. H. W. M. Mist
T. C. DAVIES, Secretary.

2532—Mar. 15, 22, 29, Apr. 5, 12.

Laupahoehoe Sugar Co.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the Laupahoehoe Sugar Company, held on the 10th March, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year, viz:

President.....Mr. F. M. Swamy
Vice-President.....Mr. T. C. Davies
Treasurer.....Mr. W. H. Baird
Secretary.....Mr. G. F. Davies
Auditor.....Mr. H. W. M. Mist
GEO. F. DAVIES, Secretary.

2532—Mar. 15, 22, 29, Apr. 5.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII—AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Albion H. Glennan, of Makaweli, Kauai, Deceased—Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Administration.

On reading and filing the petition of John A. Palmer, of Lihue, Kauai, alleging that Albion H. Glennan, of Makaweli, Kauai, died intestate at Makaweli aforesaid, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1904, leaving property in the Hawaiian Islands necessary to be administered upon, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to himself the said John A. Palmer:

It is ordered that Wednesday, the 13th day of April, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m. be and hereby is appointed for hearing said Petition in the Court Room of this Court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said Petition should not be granted, and that notice of this order be published in the English language for three successive weeks in the Hawaiian Gazette, newspaper in Honolulu.

Dated at Lihue, Kauai, March 11th, 1904.
(Signed) J. HARDY,
Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit.

Attest:
JNO. A. PALMER,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit.
2532—Mar. 15, 22, 29, April 5.

been rejected in the last two national campaigns, and will be decisively repudiated by the voters in November. Though I am not in their councils, I expect to see Mr. Bryan retain his leadership of the Democratic party. He is its logical head, and people who think he will be displaced or that he will exert no influence in the St. Louis convention are going to find out their mistake."

ERNEST G. WALKER.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.
Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE—Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAOT WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHOLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been so long in the Times, July 13, 1904.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which cures every kind of every kind affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT PAIN, AND INVIGORATES the nervous system whose equilibrium is the GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY AND DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health London, reports that it ACTS AS A CHARM, and is also generally sufficient.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE cures every kind of all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, STYPTICIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The true name of this remedy has given rise to many imitations. The name of the Inventor DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE should be written in ink on the label, and in all cases DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE should be used.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHOLORODYNE is sold by the Government Dispensary, and by all chemists and druggists. Sole Manufacturers, J. F. Serravallo, Limited, London.